

Integration of Assessment and Inspection for Biological Products

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Learning Objectives

- Learn the basis for assessment and inspection for biological products
- Learn the importance of both the assessment and inspection



Presentation Outline

- Laws, regulations, and guidance
 - Provides the basis for application assessment and site inspection
- Overview of microbiology quality assessment of Biologic License Applications (BLAs)
- Case Study

Laws, Regulations, and Guidance



- **Public Health Service Act** – Section 351 (a)(2)(C) – Licensure of biological establishments and products
 - The biological product must be safe, pure and potent
 - The facility in which the biological product is manufactured, processed, packed, or held must meet standards designed to assure that the biological product continues to be safe, pure and potent

Laws, Regulations, and Guidance

- **Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic (FD&C) Act** (1938, 1962, 1997, 2007)
 - Biological products are also drugs
 - The FF&C Act applies to a biological product, except no application required under section 505
 - Inspection under both the provisions of both the PHS Act and the FD&C Act

Laws, Regulations, and Guidance



Both PHS and FD&C Acts require biological products to be manufactured under cGMP as described in 21 CFR 210, 211, and 600-680

Laws, Regulations, and Guidance



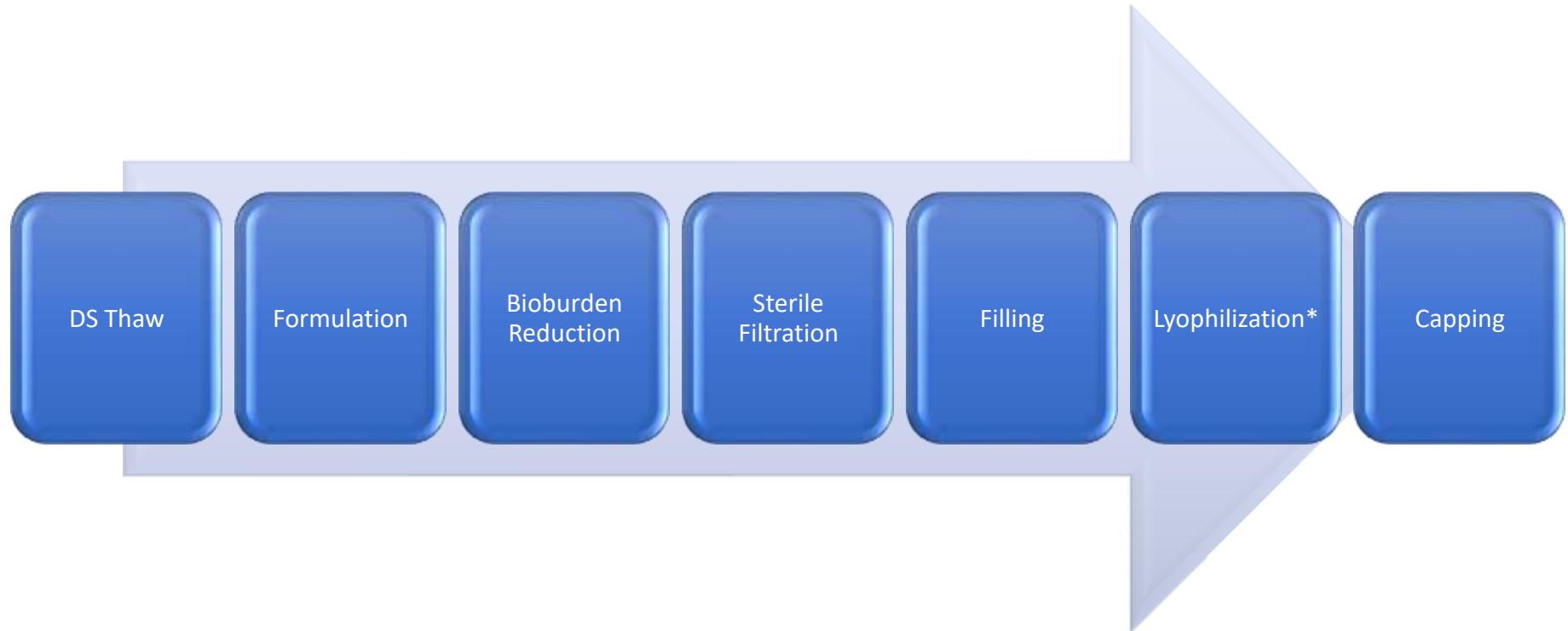
- Submission of Documentation for Sterilization Process Validation in Applications for Human and Veterinary Drug Products (Nov. 1994)
 - Explains the type of information that should be submitted in applications in support of sterile drug applications manufactured using aseptic processing methods.
- Sterile Drug Products Produced by Aseptic Processing – Current Good Manufacturing Practice, 2004

Microbiology Quality Oversight



- Microbial control during drug substance manufacturing
- Sterility assurance for drug product manufacturing
- Microbial product quality attributes at release
 - Sterility
 - Endotoxin
 - Preservative effectiveness (if applicable)
- Maintenance of sterility through expiry
 - Container closure integrity

Drug Product Manufacturing Process Unit Operations (Vial Presentation)



* If applicable

Aseptic Processing: Contributing Factors



Microbiology Drug Product Quality assessment



- Process description (facility design, equipment, filling environment)
- Microbial attributes
- Conditions for DS thawing, formulation, and hold conditions
- Sterile filtration
- Sterilization of product contact equipment and container closure components

Drug Product Process Validation



- Process Validation including sterilization of product contact equipment and container closure components
- Media fill program
- Environmental monitoring

Case Study

New Fill Line for An Approved Product



Prior Approval Supplement

- Second fill line for an approved product
- No changes to unit operations
- Increase in batch size
- Minor differences in equipment

Prior Approval Supplement

- In-process controls were unchanged
- Specifications were unchanged
- No changes to analytical methods
 - Endotoxin
 - Sterility

Validation Studies



- 3 PPQ lots
 - acceptance criteria met
- Sterilization Validation Studies
 - Dry heat tunnel
 - Autoclave
- Three successful media fills
- Successful Method Verification



Recommendation

- The submitted application was considered satisfactory based on the data submitted
- The supplement was recommended for approval from a microbiology product quality perspective
- However.....



Inspection

- Required for new filling line
- Objectionable conditions observed at the facility
- Form FDA 483 issued
- Recommended withhold

483 Items

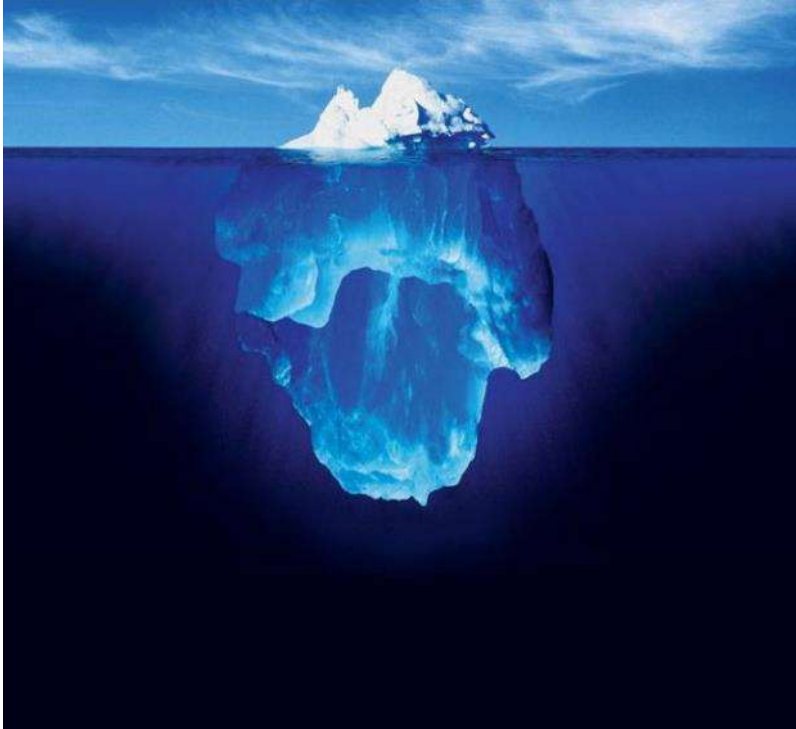


- Procedures designed to prevent microbiological contamination of the drug product are not established, written, adequately validated, and/or followed
- Written records of investigations into discrepancies do not consistently include adequate conclusions or follow-up

Inspection Findings

- Media fill failures
 - Only successful media fills were submitted in the application
- Microbial recovery from filling needles
- Corrective actions not implemented in timely fashion
- **Application was not approved based on these findings**

It's All About Perspective



- Submissions give a limited perspective
- Inspection provides a full view of what is happening in a facility
- Both are necessary to make adequate regulatory decisions

Conclusions

- Adequate validation studies are necessary to demonstrate consistent aseptic processing for sterile drug products
- assessment and inspection are equally important in assessing applications

Challenge Questions

- What gives the FDA the authority to inspect a facility?
 - The law (PHS Act, FD&C Act)
- True or false: The demonstration of sterility assurance is not critical.
 - FALSE
- Which is more important, assessment or inspection?
 - Neither, they are equal in importance

Thank You



- Peter Qiu, Ph.D.
- Diane Raccasi
- Scott Nichols, Ph.D.

