

The Advanced Manufacturing Technologies Designation Program

Ranjani Prabhakara, Ph.D.

Policy Lead, Office of Policy for Pharmaceutical Quality
Office of Pharmaceutical Quality
CDER | US FDA

REdI Annual Conference 2024: Innovation in Medical Product
Development – May 29 - 30, 2024

Learning Objectives

- Define pharmaceutical quality
- Introduce the Advanced Manufacturing Technologies Designation Program
- Summarize feedback from the Innovative Manufacturing Public Workshop
- Provide an overview of the Advanced Manufacturing Technologies Designation Program Guidance
 - Describe the background of this guidance
 - Explain the program's process and benefits
 - Compare and contrast with related FDA programs

What is Pharmaceutical Quality?


Pharmaceutical Quality



- A quality product of any kind consistently meets the expectations of the user.



- Drugs are no different.



Everyone deserves
confidence in their *next*
dose of medicine.

Pharmaceutical quality
assures the
availability,
safety,
and efficacy
of *every* dose.

Introduction to Advanced Manufacturing

What is Advanced Manufacturing?



- New manufacturing technologies that:

- Integrate **novel approaches**
- Use established techniques in an **innovative way**
- Are applied in a **new domain** without defined best practices or experience



- In every field, different production techniques considered advanced

Why Consider Advanced Manufacturing?

- Production of high(er) quality drugs
- Prevention of drug shortages due to quality-related manufacturing issues
- Faster drug development
- Stronger domestic drug manufacturing
- Greater agility and flexibility during a public health emergency

The Advanced Manufacturing Technologies Designation Program

The Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023



- Omnibus spending bill signed into law December 29, 2022
- Included several quality-related provisions
 - “PREVENT Pandemics Act” (Title II)
 - Sec. 2503 Platform Technologies
 - Sec. 2511 Ensuring Registration of Foreign Drug and Device Manufacturers
 - Sec. 2512 Extending Expiration Dates for Certain Drugs
 - “Food and Drug Omnibus Reform Act of 2022” (FDORA, Title III)
 - Sec. 3203 Emerging Technology Program
 - **Sec. 3213 Advanced Manufacturing Technologies Designation Program**
 - Sec. 3613 Improving Food and Drug Administration Inspections

What Is an Advanced Manufacturing Technology (AMT)?



- “A **method of manufacturing***, or a **combination** of manufacturing methods, is eligible for designation as an advanced manufacturing technology if such method or combination of methods incorporates a **novel technology**, or uses an established technique or technology in a **novel way**, that will **substantially improve** the manufacturing process for a drug while maintaining equivalent, or providing superior, drug quality, including by—
 - “(1) **reducing development time** for a drug using the designated manufacturing method; or
 - “(2) **increasing or maintaining the supply** of—“(A) a drug that is life-supporting, life sustaining, or of critical importance to providing health care; or “(B) a drug that is on the drug shortage list under section 506E.

The Advanced Manufacturing Technologies Designation Program



- “(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this section, the Secretary shall **initiate a program** under which persons may **request designation**
- “(b) DESIGNATION PROCESS.—The Secretary shall establish a **process for the designation** under this section of methods of manufacturing **drugs**, including **biological products**, and **active pharmaceutical ingredients** of such drugs, as advanced manufacturing technologies...
- “(c) EVALUATION AND DESIGNATION OF AN ADVANCED MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY.—
 - “(1) SUBMISSION.—A person who requests designation of a method of manufacturing as an advanced manufacturing technology under this section shall submit to the Secretary **data or information** demonstrating that the method of manufacturing meets the **criteria** described in subsection (b) in a particular **context of use**...

Challenge Question #1



Which of the following does **NOT** describe an AMT?

- A. Limited to one method of manufacturing per AMT
- B. Can use an established technique or technology in a novel way
- C. Substantially improves the manufacturing process for a drug
- D. Can provide either equivalent or superior drug quality.

The slide features decorative geometric patterns. On the left, a vertical bar is composed of various shades of blue and white triangles. On the right, a larger, more complex pattern of orange and white triangles is visible, partially overlapping the page number.

Next Step: 2023 Innovative Manufacturing Public Workshop

Advancing the Utilization and Supporting the Implementation of Innovative Manufacturing Approaches



- Hosted by the Duke Margolis Center for Health Policy on June 8, 2023
- Fulfilled FDORA and Prescription Drug User Fee Act (PDUFA) VII commitments
- Included FDA officials, pharmaceutical industry representatives, and academics
- Discussion focused on:
 - Current state of innovative manufacturing technologies
 - Incentives for widespread adoption

AMT Panel Key Takeaways

- Support for the general approach
 - Encourages greater adoption of AMTs
 - Does not limit participation to applicants or sponsors
- Guidance feedback included the need for:
 - Balance between flexibility and certainty
 - Clarity on the benefits of AMT designation
 - Definition of key elements (e.g., *data and information, context of use*)

The Advanced Manufacturing Technologies Designation Program DRAFT Guidance

Why Develop a Guidance?

- “(2) PROGRAM GUIDANCE .—
 - “(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall—
 - “(i) not later than **180 days after the public meeting** under paragraph (1), **issue draft guidance** regarding the goals and implementation of the program under this section; and
 - ‘(ii) **not later than 2 years** after the date of enactment of this section, **issue final guidance** regarding the implementation of such program.

What Does the Guidance Cover?



- “(B) CONTENT.—The guidance described in subparagraph (A) shall address—
 - “(i) the **process** by which a person may **request a designation** under subsection (b);
 - “(ii) the **data and information** that a person requesting such a designation is required to submit under subsection (c), and how the Secretary intends to evaluate such submissions;
 - “(iii) the **process to expedite the development and review of applications** under subsection (d); and
 - “(iv) the **criteria** described in subsection (b) **for eligibility** for such a designation.

Why Do We Need a Guidance?

- Communicate FDA's current thinking on AMTs*
- “Fill in the blanks” of the statute; for example:
 - What is the designation process?
 - What should be submitted in a designation request?
 - How does an AMT affect application assessment?
- Explain other important details of the program

*This guidance is currently in draft; once finalized, it will be implemented.

AMT Designation Process



Requestor develops a proposed AMT and submits a designation request

Designation received

Designated Lead facilitates interactions with AMT holders and applicants

AMT in Application

Designated Lead facilitates prioritized application assessment

- AMT designation requests submitted independent of an application
- Requests can be submitted by anyone

- Early interaction is with AMT requestors
- After AMT designation, interaction can be with applicants or requestors

- To increase application assessment efficiency

Designation Request Content

- Supporting data and information should:
 - Describe the proposed AMT
 - Demonstrate that statutory eligibility criteria are met
 - Be specific to a particular context of use (e.g., class of drugs)
 - Include AMT development data
 - Contain batch analysis data generated using either a product under development or a model drug

Designated AMT Benefits

- Early FDA interaction with requestors
- Assignment of a designated lead
 - Primary subject matter expert for a request
 - Coordinates FDA discussions
- Prioritized interaction with applicants
 - Higher priority for applications using a designated AMT
 - Designated lead facilitates quality assessment of applications to increase efficiency

Difference Between AMT Designation and Other FDA Programs



AMT	Emerging Technologies Program/CBER Advanced Technologies Team
Limited or no previous FDA assessment or inspectional experience with the technology for a proposed context of use	Limited or no previous FDA assessment or inspectional experience with the technology
Limited to methods of manufacturing that are novel or used in a novel way	Intended for novel elements, including but not limited to manufacturing processes
Data generated for a context of use (i.e., data from a model drug)	Data may not yet be generated
Applicants can communicate with FDA when using, referencing, or relying on a designated AMT	Applicants can communicate with FDA prior to submission of an application
Interactions focused on technology developers, applicants, and sponsors	Interactions with multiple public and private stakeholders; Includes training, education, and grants

Challenge Question #2



Which of the following is generally **NOT** included in an AMT designation request:

- A. A description of the proposed AMT
- B. Data and information demonstrating eligibility for a particular context of use
- C. Process validation data for a specific product
- D. Batch analysis data generated using either a product under development or a model drug

Resources



- [Draft Guidance for Industry: Advanced Manufacturing Technologies Designation Program](#)
- [Draft Guidance Federal Register Notice](#)
- [About Advanced Manufacturing for Public Health Emergency Preparedness and Response](#)
- [FDA News, Events, and Funding Opportunities Related to Advanced Manufacturing](#)
- [FDA/CDER Office of Pharmaceutical Quality](#)
- @ [CDER-OPQ-Inquiries](#)

Summary

- The draft guidance provides information about the AMT Designation Program, including:
 - Recommendations on how and when to submit an AMT designation request
 - The designation request evaluation process
 - The benefits of AMT designation
 - Differences between AMT designation and similar FDA programs



Innovation is the active ingredient in regulating pharmaceutical quality.



U.S. FOOD & DRUG
ADMINISTRATION

Questions?

Ranjani Prabhakara, Ph.D.

Policy Lead, Office of Policy for Pharmaceutical Quality

Office of Pharmaceutical Quality

CDER | US FDA

CDER-OPQ-Inquiries@fda.hhs.gov